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1 We claim	•
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1	1. In a magnetic disk drive having a head disk assembly (HDA) including a base
2	a rotating disk that carries position information in a plurality of servo wedges that
3	are distributed around the disk, a rotary actuator that pivots relative to the base
4	and carries a transducer that periodically reads the position information from the
5	servo wedges on the rotating disk, a VCM circuit that includes a voice coil motor
6	(VCM) that responds to a control effort signal that is periodically adjusted by a
7	servo control system such that the transducer tends to follow a track that is
8	defined by the position information during a track-following operation, a method
9	of adaptively reducing an effect of vibration during the track following operation
10	comprising the steps of:
11	mounting a sensor within the magnetic disk drive to produce a
12	sensor signal in response to a vibration that tends to cause
13	the rotary actuator to move off-track;
14	reading the position information from a presently active servo
15	wedge;
16	producing a position error signal based on a difference between an
17	indicated position signal and a target position signal;
18	calculating a nominal control effort signal based on the position
19	error signal;

1	reading the sensor signal to produce a sensor value associated
2	with the presently active servo wedge;
3	modifying the sensor value based on a sensor gain value to
4	produce a control effort adjustment signal;
5	adjusting the nominal control effort signal with the control effort
6	adjustment signal to produce an adjusted control effort
7	signal
8	outputting the adjusted control effort signal to the VCM circuit; and
9	altering the sensor gain value based on the position error signal
0	and the sensor value associated with the presently active
1	servo wedge for use during a next active servo wedge.
1	2. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of altering the sensor
2	gain value based on the position error signal and the sensor value associated
3	with the presently active servo wedge for use in a next active servo wedge is

3. The method of Claim 2 wherein the adaptive gain filter has one coefficient.

accomplished by setting an adaptive gain filter.

4. The method of Claim 2 wherein the adaptive gain filter has multiple coefficients.

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- 5. The method of Claim 1 wherein the VCM circuit further includes
 a DAC and wherein the step of outputting the adjusted control effort signal to the
 VCM circuit comprises the sub steps of:
 providing the adjusted control effort signal to the DAC; and
 outputting an analog control effort signal that corresponds to the
 adjusted control effort signal from the DAC to the VCM.
- 6. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of modifying the sensor value based on a sensor gain value to produce a control effort adjustment signal is accomplished by multiplying the sensor value by the gain value.
 - 7. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of adjusting the nominal control effort signal with the control effort adjustment signal to produce an adjusted control effort signal is accomplished by adding the control effort adjustment value to the nominal control effort value.
- 8. The method of Claim 1 wherein the vibration is a linearvibration.
- 9. The method of Claim 1 wherein the rotary actuator exhibits an effective imbalance that is affected by the linear vibrations.